

E002P19554 WO US

6

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION  
International Bureau

## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>7</sup> :  H04M 1/02, 1/725		A1	(11) International Publication Number:  WO 00/57615
			(43) International Publication Date: 28 September 2000 (28.09.00)
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/07220</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 17 March 2000 (17.03.00)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: 09/272,849 19 March 1999 (19.03.99) US</p> <p>(63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in-Part (CIP) to Earlier Application US 09/272,849 (CON) Filed on 19 March 1999 (19.03.99)</p> <p>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS HOLDINGS, INC. [US/US]; 1133 21st Street, NW, 8th Floor, Washington, DC 20036 (US).</p> <p>(72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): CASTIEL, David [US/US]; 4819 Indian Lane, NW, Washington, DC 20016 (US).</p> <p>(74) Agent: HARRIS, Scott, C.; Fish &amp; Richardson P.C., 4350 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 500, San Diego, CA 92122 (US).</p>		<p>(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).</p> <p><b>Published</b> With international search report.</p>	
<p>(54) Title: PORTABLE TELEPHONE</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>An elliptically shaped cellular phone is elliptical in both the front access, the bottom access and the side access. This elliptical shape enables the telephone to be more easily carried in pocket for example. The telephone includes two slidable modules which are spring biased relative to one another. Opening the telephone enables answering and closing the telephone enables hanging up. Even when the telephone is closed, however, one part of the keyboard is still accessible. That part of the keyboard can be used to carry out various functions on an incoming call. One function is blocking the call from passing to voice mail.</p> <p>The diagram illustrates an elliptical portable telephone with various labeled parts: 110 (top left), 106 (top right), 114 (right side), 100 (top center), 103 (center), 116 (right side), 102 (bottom center), 120 (bottom right), 104 (bottom left), 125 (bottom right), 130 (left side), and 130 (bottom left). The phone features a keypad with numbers 1 through 9, 0, *, and #, along with additional function keys like END, SEL, and POWER. A small screen or indicator area is labeled 'ellipto'.</p>			

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakhstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LJ	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

PORABLE TELEPHONEBackground

Portable telephones, such as cellular telephones, must have a way of activating and deactivating the telephone. It is also desirable to make the telephone as small as possible. However, a certain distance between 5 the earpiece and mouthpiece is useful to enable the telephone to extend from the user's ear to the user's mouth. Telephones, such as the Motorola flip-phone series, have conventionally pivoted into the open position to extend this distance. In addition, the 10 telephone has often used the opening operation to control answering the call, and conversely used the closing operation to control ending the call.

Other systems are known which use a sliding portion. For instance, the Qualcomm sliding ear piece telephone 15 allows the ear piece to extend. When the ear piece is down, however, the telephone is totally locked. It cannot make or receive calls, nor use any of the keyboard functions.

Summary

20 The present system defines a new way of packaging cellular electronics. This system includes an

elliptically-shaped telephone which has one electronics module that slides relative to the other electronics module to compress the cellular telephone's overall outer size. The device includes two keyboards, including a 5 first keyboard which is physically blocked by the compressing of the telephone, and a second keyboard which is still accessible after the compressing. Hence, the telephone is still usable even when compressed. It can be extended to answer and to provide full functionality.

10 A spring-loaded mechanism biases the modules apart. The release button releases the modules and hence enables answering an incoming call. Conversely, compressing the telephone hangs up a call in progress.

Brief Description of the Drawings

15 These and other aspects will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIGS. 1A-1C respectively show front, side and bottom views of the first preferred mode in the cellular phone configuration.

20 FIGS. 2A and 2B show front and side views of the second preferred mode in the satellite phone configuration, with the optional antenna clipped on.

FIG. 3 shows a view of the preferred mode in the folded position; and

FIG. 4 shows a cutaway view of the telephone from the side, in the unfolded position showing internal components;

FIG. 5 shows the cut away of the telephone in the contracted position;

FIG. 6 shows the menu; and

FIG. 7 shows a flowchart of operation of the telephone's processor.

Description of the Preferred Embodiments

10       The overall front view of the telephone in its extended position is shown in FIG. 1A. FIGS. 1B and 1C respectively show a side view and a bottom view of the telephone package. The telephone housing 100 is formed of a generally elliptical outer shape in two orthogonal planes. The front on view of the telephone in Figure 1A shows that it is elliptical in that flat on plane view. The bottom view of the telephone in Fig. 1C shows that the outer housing is elliptical in outer shape from that view also. The telephone package 100 is also elliptical 15 from the side view as shown in Figure 1B. In this most preferred mode, the telephone is elliptical in all planes.

The telephone has two modules 102, 104 which slide relative to one another. Each module includes different

electronics. At least one of the modules is mounted on a slide, and is spring-biased into the open position. For example, module 102 can be movable. The modules collapse to the position shown in FIG. 3. In this position, the 5 spring is tensioned, but the two modules are held by a latch 400, 401. Release button 106 releases the latch and causes the phone to automatically extend to its expanded state shown in FIG. 1.

The telephone includes, as is conventional, an ear 10 portion 110, a mouthpiece 112, and a display 114. Power switch 116 controls turning on and off the telephone's main power.

This telephone also includes two physically-separated keyboard parts, a first part 120 including a 15 10-key keyboard as well as a TALK button to initiate a connection and an END button to end a connection. A second keyboard part 125 includes arrow keys. FIG. 3 shows that the second keyboard 125 is not covered even when the cellular phone is collapsed into its collapsed 20 position. In that position, both the POWER button and the ARROW keys are still exposed and usable.

The slidable module 102 is not just a cover, but in fact includes electronic portions. Module 102 includes the menu 114 which displays information, and also holds 25 the logo portion 130. Logo portion 130 preferably

includes a biometric recognition chip behind it which recognizes some aspect that is individual to the user of the telephone. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1, the biometric recognition is a fingerprint recognizer chip.

5 This device automatically obtains a fingerprint, and validates the fingerprint against a stored database of acceptable prints and determines certain aspects about that fingerprint from its own internal operations.

A second mode uses a voice recognition chip as the  
10 biometric recognizer, which obtains a user's voice print, and compares the voice print to a prestored voice print. The FIG. 2 embodiment shows a voice recognition chip 230 being used, with holes in the upper surface 103 of the first portion 102 that allow sound to enter and be  
15 accumulated by the voice recognition chip.

The housing 100 also holds the communication electronics 450, which includes at least a transceiver that carries out the RF communication. In the satellite embodiment, a satellite RF transceiver would be used.

20 The microprocessor of the telephone then optionally allows the phone to be used only when the acquired information matches the stored information. This can be selected.

A particularly preferred mode of this system is its  
25 oval outer shape. The inventor recognized that many

people want to hold the cellular telephone in their pocket. Typical cellular telephones include edges. The rounded edges of the oval, especially when collapsed, as shown in FIG. 3, can provide fewer pointed edges.

5       The system as shown herein also enables both ending a cell and also answering a call one-handed. FIG. 4 shows a cross-section of a cutaway view of the telephone. The module 102 slides relative to the module 104. A spring 400 spring-biases the module 102 relative to the 10 module 104 so that the module 102 automatically moves to the open position when released. The latch shown as element 420 holds the device in the open position by coupling against a corresponding holding portion 422 and the sliding module 102. Depressing the button 106 moves 15 the latch shown in the direction shown by arrow 424, and thereby allows the sliding module 102 to move in the direction 426 and release the tension on the spring.

A switch 428 is connected to the module 102, and is actuated when the module is in the closed position.

20      Certain actions occur based on the condition of this switch. Changes in the position of the switch are interpreted by the processor. An "open" position (yes at 708) during ringing (yes at 706) tells the processor 452 to "answer the call" 710. A close indication during a 25 call (yes at 714) tells the processor to hang up (716).

However, even when the keyboard is collapsed, the second keyboard 125 is still active. This allows certain actions when the caller ID appears on the menu screen 114. The caller ID is displayed at the top of the 5 menu screen, bringing up a menu as shown in FIG. 6.

This menu includes "silence", which stops the phone from ringing.

The second option, shown as 610, is voice mail block, which prevents the call from going to voice mail. 10 This way, the caller cannot leave a voice mail. The user may want to block voice mail and therefore the telephone owner has no voice mail to return.

Fax mode commands the cellular electronics 450 to reconfigure the path of the received signal; and thereby 15 produce an output on the fax connector 452.

In operation, if the telephone rings when collapsed, first, the display of FIG. 6 appears on the display. The user then has choices of selecting one of the options on the menu, e.g. options 608-612, or answering the call. 20 The call can be answered by depressing the button 106 thereby causing the telephone to extend, actuating the switch 428 which commands the telephone to answer.

Similarly, once the call is ongoing, the user can hang up by contracting the module 102 relative to the 25 module 104. A special pressing surface 130 of the

telephone defines has a rounded surface which can be pressed for example against the user's knee while the user holds. This actuates the switch 428 which commands the cellular electronics 450 to end the call.

5       Satellite telephones often require special kinds of antennas which are relatively thick.

FIG. 4 shows a braid antenna 452 being used as part of the antenna. This braid antenna is also electrically connected to a clip portion 454. The clip portion 454  
10     enables clipping on an additional antenna a shown in FIG. 2. A curved telescoping antenna can be clipped on to improve the reception.

Although only a few embodiments have been described in detail above, other embodiments are contemplated by  
15     the inventor and are intended to be encompassed within the following claims. In addition, other modifications are contemplated and are also intended to be covered.

For example, while this describes the module 102 being the sliding module, of course 104 could similarly  
20     slide.

What is claimed:

1. A portable telephone, comprising:  
a communication electronics, including a tranceiver  
adapted for wireless communication;  
5 a processor, operating to control at least some  
aspect of said communication;  
a user interface, connected to control an operation  
of said microprocessor; and  
a housing, holding at least a portion of said user  
10 interface, said housing having a substantially elliptical  
outer shape.
2. A telephone as in claim 1 wherein said housing  
includes a first housing part and a second housing part,  
and a slide mechanism which allows said first housing  
15 part to move relative to said second housing part.
3. A telephone as in claim 2 wherein said first  
housing part further includes a display screen thereon,  
and said second housing part includes at least one  
keyboard thereon.
- 20 4. A telephone as in claim 2 wherein said user

interface includes a first keyboard part and a second keyboard part, said first keyboard part located in a position where sliding said first housing part relative to said second housing part can cover said first keyboard part, and said second keyboard part located in a position where it will always be accessible.

5. A telephone as in claim 2 further comprising a spring bias element, and a latch, biasing said first and second housing parts into an open position, said latch  
10 holding said first and second housing parts in said closed position when closed and further comprising a latch release which when actuated allows said first and second housing parts to spring into said open position.

6. A telephone as in claim 1 further comprising a  
15 biometric recognition element, located on said housing.

7. A telephone as in claim 4 wherein said second keyboard is operative to allow certain functions to be carried out even when said housing is compressed.

8. A telephone as in claim 7 further comprising a  
20 switch responsive to an open/closed position of said telephone, and wherein an opening of said telephone

during a call ringing causes said call to be answered, and a closing operation during a call ringing causes a hang up.

9. An telephone as in claim 8 wherein said processor is operative to display a menu upon call ringing while said phone is in said closed position.

10. A telephone as in claim 9 wherein said menu includes a voice mail blocking option.

11. A telephone as in claim 9 wherein said menu includes at least a silence option, a voice mail block option, and a fax option.

12. A telephone as in claim 1 wherein said housing has said elliptical outer shape in two orthogonal planes.

13. A telephone as in claim 1 wherein said housing has said elliptical outer shape in three orthogonal planes.

14. A telephone as in claim 1 further comprising a display, and wherein said processor is programmed to

display options on said display, one of said options including a voice mail blocking option during a time that a call is ringing.

5        15. A telephone as in claim 1 further comprising a cellular type antenna, connected to said communication element.

10      16. A telephone as in claim 1 further comprising a satellite type antenna connected to said communication element.

15      17. A portable telephone, comprising:  
          a wireless communication element;  
          a processor;  
          a housing, holding said communication element and  
          said processor; and  
          a user interface, connected to said housing, said  
          housing including first and second moving parts, which in  
          a first position are compressed and in a second position  
          are uncompressed, said user interface including two  
20      keyboard parts, including a first keyboard part which is  
          accessible both when said housing is compressed and when  
          said housing is uncompressed, and a second keyboard part  
          which is accessible only when said housing is

uncompressed.

18. A telephone as in claim 17 wherein said user interface includes an element which enables controlling whether a call can be answered by voice mail when a call  
5 is incoming.

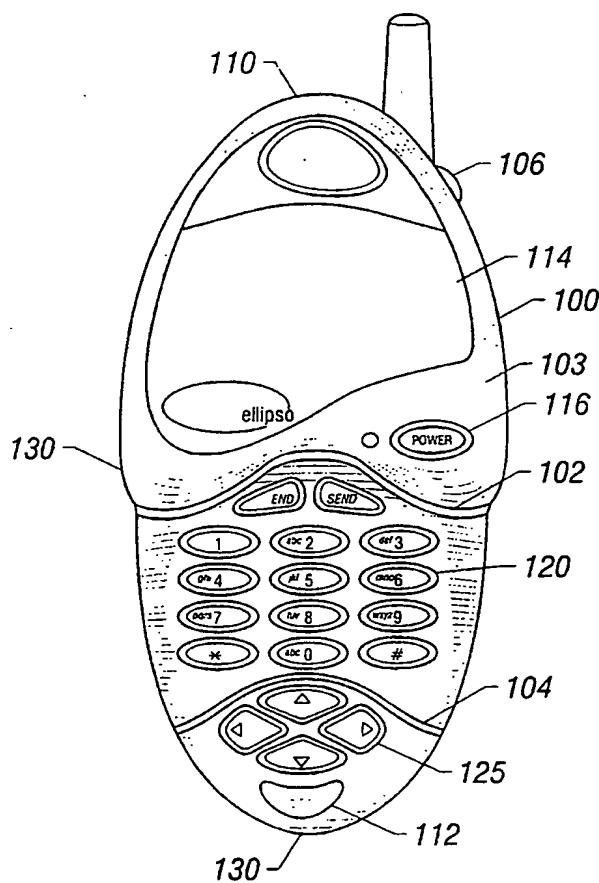


FIG. 1A

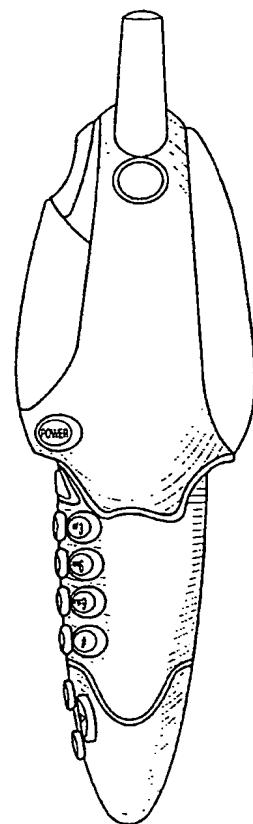


FIG. 1B

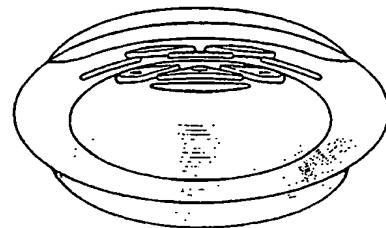


FIG. 1C

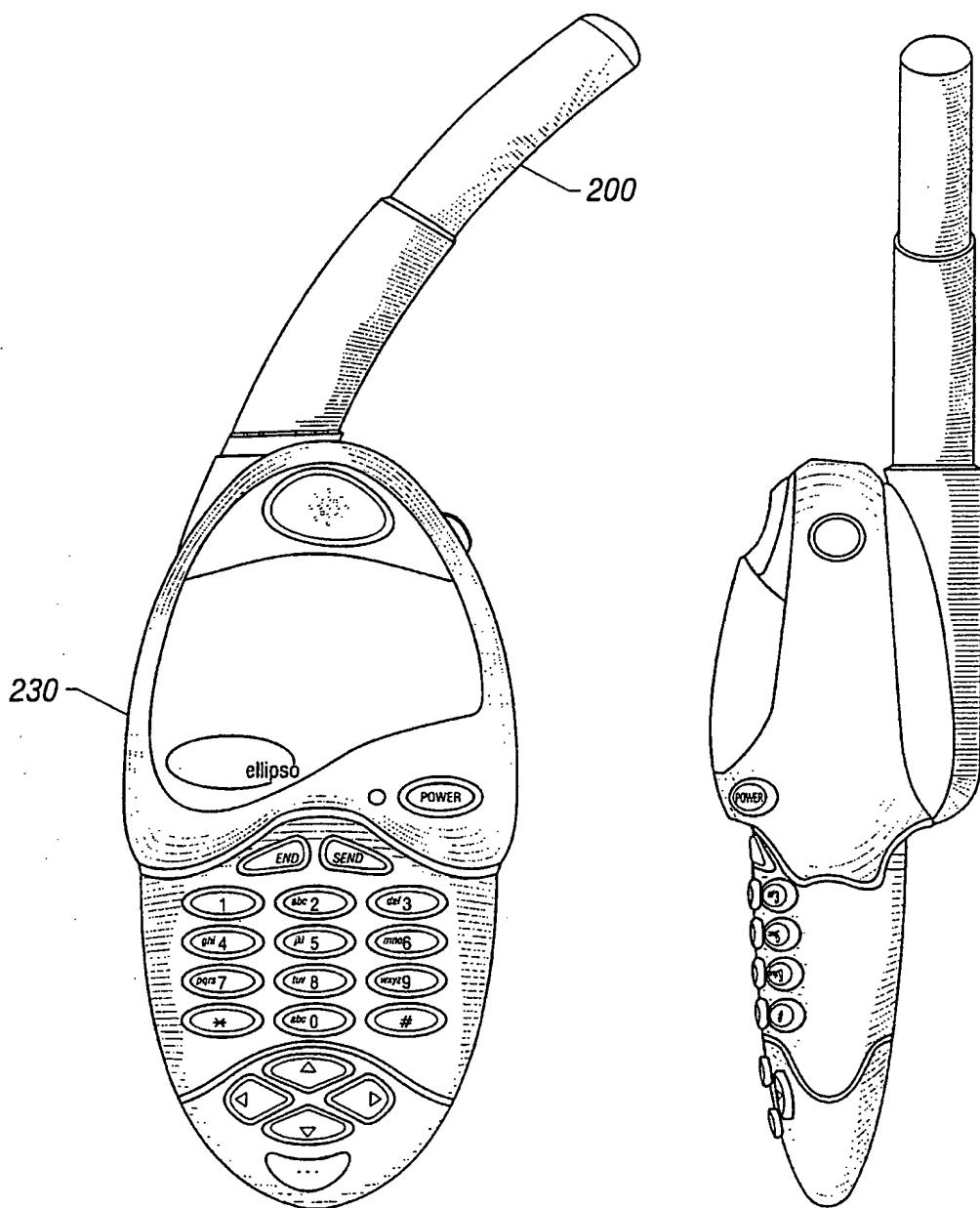


FIG. 2A

FIG. 2B

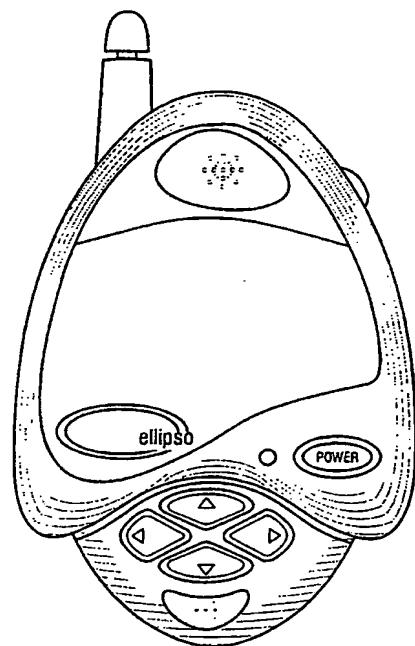


FIG. 3

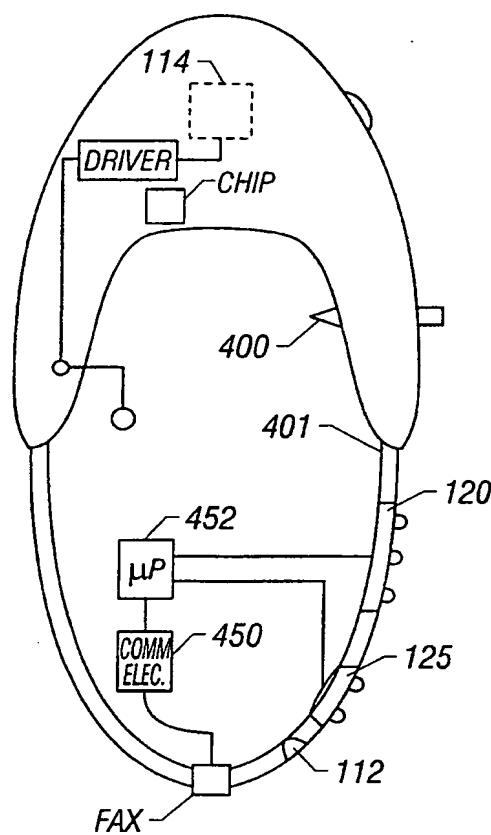


FIG. 4

4/4

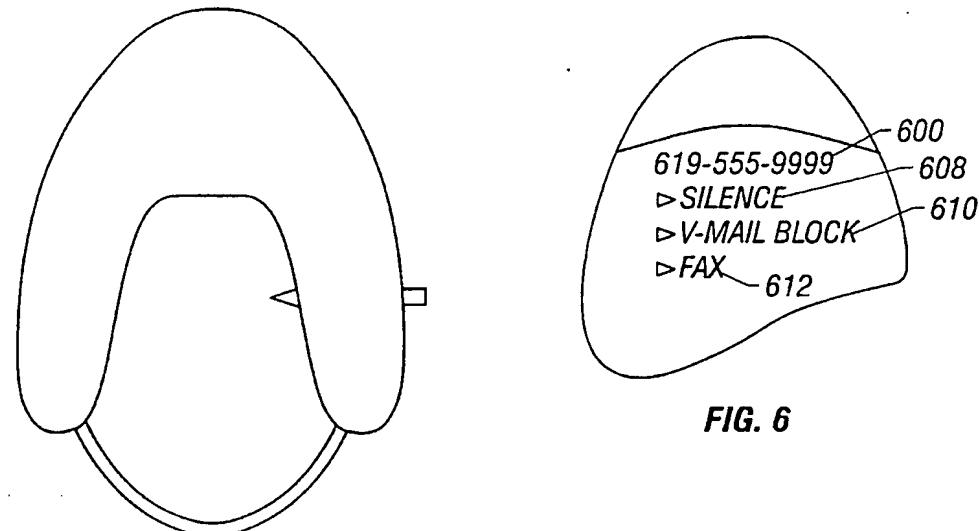
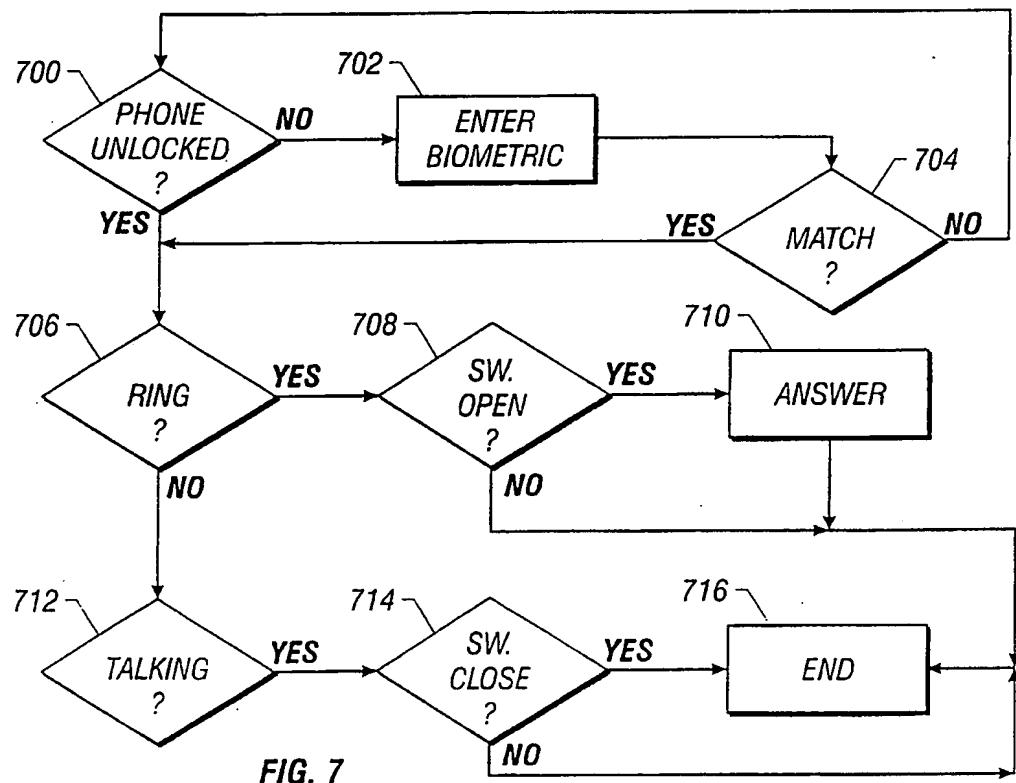


FIG. 6

FIG. 5



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/US 00/07220

<b>A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> IPC 7 H04M1/02 H04M1/725		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
<b>B. FIELDS SEARCHED</b> Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 H04M		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ		
<b>C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT</b>		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 647 037 A (NIPPON ELECTRIC CO) 5 April 1995 (1995-04-05) column 5, line 4 -column 6, line 6; figures 6,8 ----- WO 98 16047 A (ERIKSSON LARS) 16 April 1998 (1998-04-16) page 3, line 23 -page 4, line 7; figures 1,2. ----- EP 0 881 810 A (KONINKL PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV) 2 December 1998 (1998-12-02) claim 1; figure 1 ----- -/-	17  1-4, 15, 16  1-4, 15, 16  -/-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Patent family members are listed in annex.
<b>* Special categories of cited documents :</b> *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		
Date of the actual completion of the international search  6 July 2000		Date of mailing of the international search report  13/07/2000
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016		Authorized officer  de Biolley, L

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

International Application No
PCT/US 00/07220

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 98 27704 A (PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV ; PHILIPS NORDEN AB (SE)) 25 June 1998 (1998-06-25) page 2, line 17-24 page 5, line 18-34; figure 7 page 6, line 26-29; figure 4 ----	1,3,8, 12,13,17
A	EP 0 871 148 A (GRUNDIG AG) 14 October 1998 (1998-10-14) abstract column 4, line 15-35; figure 3 ----	6
P,A	WO 99 27700 A (ERICSSON GE MOBILE INC) 3 June 1999 (1999-06-03) abstract -----	10,14,18

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

Information on patent family members

Int'l Application No PCT/US 00/07220
---

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
EP 0647037	A 05-04-1995	JP 2630224	B	16-07-1997
		JP 7107001	A	21-04-1995
		AU 692168	B	04-06-1998
		AU 7413894	A	13-04-1995
		FI 944491	A	31-03-1995
		US 5564078	A	08-10-1996
WO 9816047	A 16-04-1998	AU	4580397	A 05-05-1998
EP 0881810	A 02-12-1998	FR	2764152	A 04-12-1998
		JP	10341274	A 22-12-1998
WO 9827704	A 25-06-1998	CN	1215522	A 28-04-1999
		EP	0885513	A 23-12-1998
		US	6006103	A 21-12-1999
EP 0871148	A 14-10-1998	DE	19710546	A 17-09-1998
WO 9927700	A 03-06-1999	AU	1599799	A 15-06-1999